Semester IV

S. No.	Title of the Course/ Course No.	Hours/Week			Marks	Credits
		L	Т	Р		
	Advanced Nutrition	4	0	0	100	4+0+0=4
1	HSC22401CR					
	Food Processing & Technology	4	0	0	100	4+0+0=4
2	HSC22402CR					
3	Food Processing & Technology	0	4	4	100	0+2+2=4
5	(Lab Course) / Dissertation					
	HSC22403CR					
4	Nutrition in Critical Care	4	0	0	100	4+0+0=4
	HSC22404CR					
5	Internship / Dissertation HSC22405CR	0	8	0	100	0+4+0=4
6	Gender and Development	4	0	0	100	4+0+0=4
0	HSC22406CR					
7	Training and Development	4	0	0	100	4+0+0=4
,	HSC22407CR					
8	Gender and Development	0	4	4	100	0+2+2=4
	(Lab Course) / Dissertation					
	HSC22408CR					
9	Development of Creativity	4	0	0	100	4+0+0=4
	HSC22409CR					
10	Principles of Guidance & Counselling	4	0	0	100	4+0+0=4
	HSC22410CR					
	Principles of Guidance & Counselling	0	4	4	100	0+2+2=4
11	(Lab Course) / Dissertation					
	HSC22411CR					
L	1		1			

	Project Management and Women	4	0	0	100	4+0+0=4
12	Entrepreneurship					
	HSC22412CR					
13	Current & Emerging Concepts in	4	0	0	100	4+0+0=4
	Human Nutrition					
	HSC22413DCE					
14	Food Safety & Quality Control	4	0	0	100	4+0+0=4
	HSC22414DCE					
15	Parenting In Early Childhood	4	0	0	100	4+0+0=4
	HSC22415DCE					
16	Participatory Tools and Methods	2	0	0	50	2+0+0=2
	HSC22004GE					
17	Introduction to Disabilities	2	0	0	50	2+0+0=2
	HSC22004OE					

Note:

- 1. Course Code HSC22401CR is common for both specializations of Food Science & Nutrition/Dietetics & Clinical Nutrition.
- 2. Course code HSC22412CR is common for all the four specializations viz. Food Science & Nutrition, Dietetics & Clinical Nutrition, Extension & Communication and Human Development.

ADVANCED NUTRITION

Code: HSC22401CR

Credits: 4

Periods/week: 4 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Gain knowledge regarding recent advances in Micro and Macro elements, Fat soluble and Water-soluble Vitamins.
- 2. Study various methods of measuring body composition.
- 3. Develop the desire to undertake research.

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. The students will be able to know the relationships of various foods with human body regarding nutrients and energy given by their foods.
- 2. The students will get knowledge about various essential food components required for well-being of human body and it will be beneficial for their job prospective as a food and diet expert.
- 3. The students will be benefitted by getting knowledge about various nutrients required to combat different chronic health problems.

Unit I:

- Body composition: Importance, components, Methods of measuring body composition. Wang's five level model of body composition
- Energy: Introduction, Components of Energy Expenditure. Energy Expended in physical activity. Measurement of energy expenditure. Units of measurement, Estimating Energy Requirements

Carbohydrates: Metabolic Utilization of Carbohydrates, Regulation of Blood Glucose Concentration

Unit II:

- Proteins: Metabolism, Nitrogen Balance. Quality of Proteins. Methods used for evaluating protein quality (amino acid score, PER, BV, NPU)
- > Lipids: Fatty Acids and Essential Fatty Acid deficiency
- > Water and electrolytes:
 - Body water, (Preformed and metabolic water) Functions, Distribution, Requirement, Water Balance. Water Retention and Depletion
 - Sodium, Potassium, Chloride: Their Absorption, Excretion and Functions
 - Acid- Base Balance

Unit III:

Macro elements:

> Calcium: Metabolism, Absorption and factors affecting it

Calcium Balance and factors contributing to balance

> Phosphorous, Magnesium, Sulphur: Functions, deficiency and toxicity

Micro Elements:

- > Iron: Absorption, Transport, Storage, Excretion, Functions, Deficiency and Toxicity
- Copper, Iodine, Manganese, Molybdenum, Zinc, Selenium, Fluorine: Functions and Deficiency

Unit IV: Vitamins

Fat Soluble vitamins:

- > Vitamin A: Metabolism, functions sources and deficiency
- > Vitamin D: Metabolism, functions sources and deficiency
- > Vitamin E & K: Metabolism, functions sources and deficiency

Water Soluble Vitamins:

- > Thiamine: Metabolism, functions, sources and deficiency
- > Riboflavin: Metabolism, functions, sources, and deficiency
- > Ascorbic Acid: Metabolism, functions, sources and deficiency
- Other water-soluble vitamins

References:

- 1. Annual Reviews of Nutrition. Annual Review Inc., California USA.
- 2 Shils, M.E. Olson, J., Shike, M. and Roos, C. (1998): Modern Nutrition in Health and Disease. 9th Ed. Williams and Williams A. Beverly Co. London.
- 3. Bodwell, C. E., and Erdman, J. W. (1988): Nutrient interaction Marcel Dekker Inc., New York
- 4. WHO Technical Report Series.
- 5. Indian Council of Medical Research. Recommended Dietary Intakes for Indian Latest Recommendation.
- Whitney, E., & Rady Rolfes, S. (2008). Understanding Nutrition (11th ed). Canda: Wadsworth, Cengage learning.
- Insel, PEM., Turner, R.E., & Roos D. (2007). Nutrition (3rd ed) Sudnury: Jones & Bartlett Publishers.
- Mahan, L.K., & Escoh- Sump, S. (2004). Krause's Food Nutrition & Diet Therapy (11th ed). Philadephia Sunders an imprint of Elsevier.

Journals

- 1. Nutrition Review
- 2. Journal of Nutrition.
- 3. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition

FOOD PROCESSING AND TECHNOLOGY

Code: HSC22402CR

Credits: 4 Periods/week: 4 Hours Max. Marks: 100

CORE

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Impart systematic knowledge of basic and applied aspects of food processing and technology.
- 2. Provide the necessary knowledge of production & procedures of some commercially and procedures in the important food products.

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. The student will have knowledge and familiarity with the ways of food processing and food preservation.
- 2. The student should be able to demonstrate professional and ethical responsibility and assess the health risks resulting from negligence in this area.
- 3. To gain knowledge of the legal, environmental and quality aspects associated with packaging materials and operations used in the food industry.

Unit I: Principles in Food Processing Operations – thermal, refrigeration, freezing and dehydration

- Thermal processing: Effect of thermal processing on food quality and shelf life, Pasteurization, Sterilization and Canning, Concept of D, Z and F value
- Refrigeration: Refrigeration, cold storage and shelf-life extension; cold storages with air circulation humidity, control and gas modification
- > **Freezing:** Basic Principles and changes during freezing
- > **Dehydration:** Food dehydration and methods of dehydration

Unit II: Principles in Food Processing Operations, Chemical Preservation and Fermentation

- > Chemical Preservation: Preservation by salt and sugars
- Common preservatives (Benzoate, propionate, sorbate) Antioxidants, potassium metabisulphite
- **Food Additives:** Definition and classifications
- > **Fermentation**: Basic principles, types of fermentation, benefits of fermentation

Unit III: Processing Technology of Foods and Nutritional Implications for Cereal and Pulses, Fruits and Vegetables

Cereals and Pulses

- Wheat grain: Structure, milling & wheat milling products: importance of wheat based baked products
- > Composition and nutritional importance of maize and barley
- Nutraceutical importance of minor cereals
- **Rice:** Composition, parboiling, milling of rice
- > **Pulses:** Anti-nutritional factors in pulses

Fruits and Vegetables

- > Nutritional and Nutraceutical importance of fruits and vegetables
- Fruit processing: procedures for preparation of Apple jam, Lemon squash, Tomato ketchups and sauces

Unit IV: Foods of Animal Origin:

Milk and Milk Products

- Milk composition & factors influencing composition
- Nutritional importance of milk
- > Milk processing: Pasteurization, standardization & homogenization.
- > Milk products: Fortified, skimmed & concentrate milks, cream, butter, cheese
- > Indigenous milk products: khoa, paneer, yoghurt, ghee, mallai & rabbri

Meat, Fish and Egg

- > Meat: Nutritional importance, spoilage and its preservation
- Fish: Nutritional importance, preservation (Canning and pickling)
- **Egg:** Nutritional importance, quality parameters

References:

- 1. Gould, G.W. (1995), New Methods of Food Preservation, Blackie Academic & Professional, London.
- Connor, J.M. and Schick W.A. (1997), Food Processing An Industrial Powerhouse in Transition, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
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- 4. Arthey, D. and Ashurst, P.R. (1996), Fruit Processing, Blackie Academic & Professional, London.
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- Hoseney, R.C. (1996), Principles of Cereal Science and Technology, Second Edition, American Association of Cereal Chemists, St. Paul, Minnesota.
- 14. Salunkhe, D.K. and S.S. Kadam (1995), Handbook of Fruit Science and Technology: Production, Composition, Storage and Processing, Marcel Dekker INC. New York.
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- 20. Fennema, O.R., Powrie, W.D., Marth, E.H., Low-Temperature Preservation of Food and Living Matter, Marcel Dekker INC. New York.
- Tannerbaum, S.R., Nutritional and Safety Aspects of Food Processing, Marcel Dekker INC. New York.
- 22. Van Beynum, G.M.A. and Roels, J.A., Starch Conversion Technology, Marcel Dekker INC. New York
- 23. Ting, S.V. and Rouseff, R.L., Citrus Fruits and Their Products: Analysis and Technology.
- 24. Mathews, R.H., Legumes: Chemistry, Technology and Human Nutrition, Marcel Dekker INC. New York.
- 25. Kokini, J.L., Ho, C.T. and Karwe, M.V., Food Extension Science and Technology, Marcel Dekker INC. New York.
- 26. Potter. Norman N., Hotchkiss Joseph H, (5th Edition) Food Science, CBS publishers and distributors Darya Ganj, New Delhi
- 27. Kallia Manoranjan, Sood Sangeeta, food preservation and processing, Kaliyani Publishers.
- Desrosier, Norman W. Dessoser N. James 4th edition, The technology food preservation. CBS, Publishers and distributors.
- 29. Shakuntala Manay, Shadaksharaswami, M. Food Facts and Principles, New Age International Private Limited

FOOD PROCESSING AND TECHNOLOGY (LAB COURSE) /DISSERTATION

Code:HSC22403CRCredits:2Periods/week:4 Hrs.Max. Marks:50

- 1. Thermal processing canning and bottling of fruits and vegetables.
- Freezing of meat to study the effect on acceptability and nutritive value. (Restricted to Protein)
- 3. Dehydration and sun drying of one seasonal fruit and comparison of acceptability and nutritive value of fresh and dehydrated products. (Restricted to Vitamin-C & Sugar)
- Dehydration and sun drying of one seasonal vegetable and comparison of acceptability and nutritive value of fresh and dehydrated products. .(Restricted to Vitamin-C & Sugar)
- 5. Re-hydration of dried vegetables and observing effects of preservation on acceptability
- 6. Preparation and preservation of fruit squash
- 7. Preparation and preservation of jam and jelly of one seasonal fruit
- 8. Preparation and preservation of pickle
- 9. Preparation and preservation of tomato ketchup and tomato sauce
- 10. Compare the cost of products made in the lab with those of commercial products of similar quality
- Preservation of different food by using different preservatives (Salt, sugar, vinegar, Sulphur dioxide)

- 12. Procuring a list of food processing units in government and private sector. (Urban/Rural)
- 13. Visit to a food processing unit and submitting a report

DISSERTATION

Code: HSC222403CR

Credits: 2

Periods/week: 4 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

Learning Objectives:

- 1. This will enable students to develop research skills commensurate with the accomplishment of a master's degree.
- 2. To enable students to produce a coherent and logically argued piece of writing that demonstrates competence in research and the ability to operate independently.
- 3. The students will be able to address issues of research design, methodology, ethics and theoretical arguments and locate a piece of research within these.
- 4. To apply the knowledge about research design and methods that students have gained from the taught components to develop their dissertation project.

Learning outcomes:

- 1. To identify and refine an appropriate research question.
- 2. Apply principles of research design to the question, and select an appropriate methodology.
- 3. Design and manage a piece of original project work.
- 4. Select from different methodologies, methods and forms of analysis to produce a suitable research design and justify this design
- 5. Discuss the ethical dimensions of research and obtain appropriate ethical approval if needed
- The student will be guided and supervised by a member of the teaching faculty of the Institute. However, the dissertation in which the research culminates should reflect the student's own work. The students will undertake an independent piece of research work on an issue of contemporary concern that contributes to the advancement of knowledge in the field of Food Science and Nutrition.

NUTRITION IN CRITICAL CARE

Code: HSC22404CR

Credits: 4

- Periods/week: 4 Hrs.
- Max. Marks: 100

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To understand the method of nutritional screening and nutritional assessment procedures.
- 2. To know about different methods of feeding for critically ill patients.
- 3. To know about the nutritional and special diet requirements in critical care.

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. An overview of critical illness, its consequences on organ function, treatments, and effects on nutrient metabolism.
- 2. Management of nutrition support therapy in ventilated, critically ill, burn, and trauma patients.
- 3. Gain knowledge on the use of enteral and parenteral therapy and its benefits.
- 4. Gain knowledge in the management of chronic diseases such as kidney disease and liver disease.
- 5. A proper diet plan can help patients manage their symptoms and prevent further complications.

Unit I: Procedures of Nutritional Screening and Nutritional Status Assessment of the critically ill

Nutritional Screening

- Planning nutritional care
- Concept of screening, aims and objectives, explanation of the term screening, case finding and diagnostic tests

➢ Uses, Types, Criteria of screening

Nutritional Assessment

Assessment procedure - Body weight in relation to height, Estimation of energy stores, estimation of somatic protein by mid-arm muscle circumference. Clinical observation and dietary assessment.

Unit II: Conventional feeding method of Nutritional Support for Critically ill Patients

- Conventional feeding
- Purpose of modified diets
- Types of diets Routine diets, modified diets, test diet, quantitative and qualitative diets
- Increasing nutrient intake
- > Adaptation for individual characteristics- vegetarianism, cultural factors
- Summary of routine hospital diets

Unit III: Tube, Parenteral and Transitional methods of nutritional support for critically ill patients

Tube feeding:

- > Types, Characteristics of an ideal tube feeding
- > Nutritional related problem in the tube-fed patients

Parenteral Feeding:

- Composition of solutions, estimating nutritional needs
- > Complications, cyclic parenteral nutrition
- Transitional feeding

Unit IV: Nutritional Requirements and Special Diets in Critical Care

- Stress, sepsis and burns
- CV complications and surgery
- ➢ GIT tract surgery
- > AIDS, Cancer

- ➢ Hepatic failure
- ➢ Neuro surgery

References:

- 1. Clinical Nutrition and Dietetics 2/c Frances J. Zeina
- Modern Nutrition in health and disease 7th edition Maurice E. Skills; Vernon R. Young.
- 3. Zaloga, G. P., (1994) Nutrition in Critical Care, Times Mirror/Mosby.
- Shills, M.E., Olson, J.A shike, M. Rose, A. C. (Ed) Modern Nutritional in health and disease. 9th Edition Williams and Wilkins.
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- Galanbos, J.P. (1979) cirrohiss in the series Major problems in Internal medicine, W.B., Sunders Company Philadelphia..
- 12. Frances, J. Zeman 2nd edition Clinical nutrition and dietetics

INTERSHIP/DISSERTATION

Code: HSC228405CR

Credits: 2 Time period: 6 weeks Max. Marks: 50 CORE

Learning Objective:

The internship programme shall be of 6 weeks duration. The interns are expected to have considerable theoretical knowledge and competencies related to the following aspects:

- Nutrition Screening and Assessment
- Dietary guidelines and practices
- Planning, nutrition care and intervention
- Implementing care plans
- Evaluating nutrition care
- Food Service Management
- Counseling

Learning Outcomes:

- Interns completing the Dietetic Internship will achieve knowledge and skills, as well as, demonstrate confidence and competencies for entry-level practice in all specialization areas of the dietetics profession.
- Interns will satisfactorily complete the didactic component of the internship, which provides exposure to the positive attributes of a well-run dietary department and up-to-date information on the latest developments in food service management, medical nutrition therapy, and dietetics research and education.

3. Students will gain practical dietetics knowledge and application skills through interaction with clinical preceptors in a variety of settings.

The internship is split up as follows:

> A. Food Service: Administration

(Kitchen functioning, Stores, Accounting Practices, Purchasing, Food Preparation, Distribution, Service, Safety and Sanitation, Facility layout and Management)

B. Clinical Posting Renal Unit

- Endocrinology
- Cardiovascular
- Surgical and Post Operative Unit
- Pediatrics
- Gastrointestinal Unit
- Private ward
- Outpatient's ward (OPD) etc.

Nutrition and Diet Counseling:

- Exposure to OPD Diet Clinic
- Prescribing therapeutic diets to OPD patients
- Prescribing therapeutic diets to discharged warded patients under the supervision of dietitian

Research and Training:

- Case study work
- Presentation of case study(s)
- Assignment

DISSERTATION

Code: HSC22405CR

Credits:2Periods/Week:4 HoursMax. Marks:50

CORE

Learning Objectives:

- 1. This will enable students to develop research skills commensurate with the accomplishment of a master's degree.
- 2. To enable students to produce a coherent and logically argued piece of writing that demonstrates competence in research and the ability to operate independently.
- 3. The students will be able to address issues of research design, methodology, ethics and theoretical arguments and locate a piece of research within these.
- 4. To apply the knowledge about research design and methods that students have gained from the taught components to develop their dissertation project.

Learning outcomes:

- 1. To identify and refine an appropriate research question.
- 2. Apply principles of research design to the question, and select an appropriate methodology.
- 3. Design and manage a piece of original project work.
- 4. Select from different methodologies, methods and forms of analysis to produce a suitable research design and justify this design
- 5. Discuss the ethical dimensions of research and obtain appropriate ethical approval if needed
- The student will be guided and supervised by a member of the teaching faculty of the Institute. However, the dissertation in which the research culminates should reflect the student's own work. The students will undertake an independent piece of research work on an issue of contemporary concern that contributes to the advancement of knowledge in the field of Dietetics of Clinical Nutrition.

GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT

Code:HSC22406CRCredits:4Periods/Week:4 Hrs.Max. Marks:100

CORE

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To understand the concept, need, relevance and dimensions of gender empowerment.
- 2. To get sensitized to gender disparities/imbalances and problems of women.
- 3. To know the efforts made at different levels for empowering women.
- 4. To know the support system in the country for women's development.

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Attains better development in all aspects when learning both genders are entitled to similar opportunities.
- 2. Knowledge about equal rights in decision making, health, politics, infrastructure, profession, etc. will surely lead students to a new level.
- 3. Get sensitized to gender disparities/imbalances and problems of women

Unit I: Gender and Development

- Concept of gender, gender roles, changing trends, matrix shifts from welfare to development and empowerment, gender and development. National and International efforts for gender empowerment.
- Status of Women Status, meaning, situational analysis, demographic, education, employment, political and health- changing scenario.

Unit II: Violence against Women

Dowry, divorce

- > Female foeticide and infanticide
- > Domestic violence, sexual harassment and exploitation
- > Portrayal of women in mass media
- > Efforts for elimination of all forms of discrimination

Unit III: Policies and programmes for women's development and support system

- National policy for empowerment of women, policy perspectives, mainstreaming, a gender perspective in the development process
- Economic development Poverty eradication, micro credit, Self-help groups,
 Women and agriculture, Women and industry and Support services.
- Social empowerment Education, health, nutrition, drinking water and sanitation, housing and shelter environment

Unit IV: Legal Empowerment

- Legal literacy on personal and family laws, role of family court and legal aid centres
- Political empowerment Role of Panchayati Raj in the political empowerment of women
- Support system- Role and functions of the department of Women and Child Development, Central Social Welfare Board, State Social Welfare Boards, National Commission for Women, Women's Development Corporation

References:

- Black M. (1993): Girls and women. A UN1CEF Development Priority, UN1CEF, New York.
- 2. Country Report (1995), Department of Women and Child Development Government of India: New Delhi.
- Desia, N. (1986) Indian Women -- Change and Challenge to International Women's Decade.
- 4. Laxmi Devi, (1998). Women and Development. Institute for Sustainable

Development and Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.; New Delhi.

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- 6. Sahays (1998) Women and Empowerment: Approaches and Strategies. Discovery Publishing House; New Delhi.
- 7. Shamim Aleen (ed) Women's Development Problems and prospects. APH Publishing Corporation.
- Sharma, O.C. (1994) Crime Against Women Sterling Publishers Private Limited; New Delhi.
- 9. Subbama, M. (1985). Women, Tradition, Culture. Ashish Publishing House; New Delhi.
- 10. Yadav, C.P. (2000) Empowerment of Women Vol. 1 & 11. Laxmi Shikshan Sansthan and Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd; New Delhi.

TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

Code: HSC22407CR

4

Credits:

Periods/Week: 4 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To be aware of designing training programme for development.
- 2. To conceptualize the training process.
- 3. To provide experimental learning in training methodologies.
- 4. To evaluate sustainability of training programme.

Learning Outcomes:

- Aware of designing training programme for development; conceptualize the training process; provide experimental learning in training methodologies; and evaluate sustainability of training programme
- 2. Improve learner's performance, drive innovation, and achieve their extension goals.
- Provide ongoing learning opportunities, enhance extension engagement, and increase productivity and social development

Unit I: Training and Learning

- > Concept of learning, factors affecting learning among adults
- Types and methods of learning, learning paradigms learning knowledge, attitudes, skills practices, values, learning, reflective learning, literature learning
- Concept of training: Goals of training, self-development, action learning, transformation and organizational development, enhancing organizational effectiveness, team spirit

Unit II: Learning Methodologies

- Current trends in training methodologies, organizational development approach, and competency-based training, participatory training methodologies aspects, advantages, limitations, and implication for training process
- Training administration: policies, guidelines, authority --- the formation of training plans
 --- whom to be given training, when and how
- > Budget records, resourcing, use and choice of consultants

Unit III: Trainers and Trainee Interface

- > Roles of a trainer, counsellor, partner, facilitators, teacher, advisor, model expert
- Competencies of trainer attitudes, behavioural traits ---combining competencies of trainers, trainer -- trainee perceptions
- > Factors affecting, implications on training, building and developing assertive skills.
- Different phases of training, conceptual models of training
- System approach to training inputs, process, outputs
- Evaluation process components, process, methods and techniques

Unit IV: Training Process, Organizational Factors and Training

- Training Strategy and Designs Training need assessment, Planning training and other resources programme, organizational environmental, training facilities and other resources
- Arranging for strategies from training design. Training methods and interaction styles: classification of training methods, their importance, use and limitations selecting appropriate methods to suit situations and circumstances. Case study, role play, psychodrama, sensitivity, buzz group discussion, transactional analysis, process work, micro—lab, business games etc.
- Cost, organizational support and other factors facilitating training, post training factors.
- > Organizational factors and training. Working climate, leadership, values, mechanics of

change - organizational structures for facilitating micro and macro level interventions for facilitating development.

References:

1. Berger, M. L. and Berger, P. J. (1973) Group Training Technologies. Lowe and Bryalone Pvt. Ltd; Haver Hill; Britian.

2. Bhatnagar, D.P. (1989) Evaluation Methodologies for Training theory and Practical. Oxford and IBH Publishing Company; New Delhi.

3. Easterby Smith, Mark (1986) Evaluation Management, training and Development. Growers Publishing England.

4. Flippo Edwin, B. (1972) Principles, of Personnel Management. McGraw Hill Co:; New York.

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11. Palmer, A.B. (1981), Learning cycle: Models of Behavioural Change – A Handbook of Group facilitator. University Associates: California.

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15. Spaihawk, S. (1998). Identifying Targeted Training needs. Wheeler Publishing; New Delhi.

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17. Truelove, S. (1997). Handbook of Training and Development. Beacon, A Blackwell Asia, Imprint, New Delhi.

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19. Virmane and seth, P. (1989) Evaluation Management in training and Development. Vision; New Delhi.

20. York, A. (1989) The System Approach to Training Royal Institute of Publishing, Administration Studies, London.

<u>GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT/ DISSERTATION (LAB</u> <u>COURSE)</u> <u>Practical (P2)</u>

Code: HSC22408CR Credits: 2 Periods/week: 4 Hrs. Max. Marks: 50

- 1. Studying status of women in rural and urban community.
- 2. Identification of problems faced by women in rural and urban community.
- 3. Preparation of an album on women's issues and its presentation.
- 4. Assessment of self-concept with reference to identity and power of women.
- 5. Designing and conducting training programmes for women related to Health Education Social and Economic aspects.
- Study & Reporting on institutions supporting women Entrepreneurship in Kashmir. (Govt & Non-Govt).
- 7. Visit to 3 urban women entrepreneurial units and submitting a report in relation to its technical, marketing, economical, educational and financial analysis.
- 8. Visit to 3 rural women entrepreneur units and submitting a report.
- 9. Preparing and submitting a report for an entrepreneur unit and its presentation.

DISSERTATION (T2)

Code: HSC22408CR

Credits: 2

Periods/Week: 4 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

Learning Objectives:

- 1. This will enable students to develop research skills commensurate with the accomplishment of a master's degree.
- 2. To enable students to produce a coherent and logically argued piece of writing that demonstrates competence in research and the ability to operate independently.
- 3. The students will be able to address issues of research design, methodology, ethics and theoretical arguments and locate a piece of research within these.
- 4. To apply the knowledge about research design and methods that students have gained from the taught components to develop their dissertation project.

Learning Outcome:

- 1. Contribute to the advancement of knowledge in the fields of Extension and Communication.
- 2. Understand and incorporate the relevant literature into a new research question to be investigated.
- 3. Expands extension knowledge along with rational and reasoning skills. A clear, structured, concise, and well-planned dissertation related to any topic relevant to extension and communication captures the attention of the readers and learners across various platforms.
- The student will be guided and supervised by a member of the teaching faculty of the Institute. However, the dissertation in which the research culminates should reflect the student's own work. They will undertake an independent piece of research work on an issue of contemporary concern that contributes to the advancement of knowledge in the field of Extension and Communication and Women and Child Studies.

DEVELOPMENT OF CREATIVITY

Code: HSC22409CR

Credits: 4

Periods/Week: 4 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

Learning Objectives

- 1. To understand the relevance & scope of studying creativity.
- 2. Become aware about the concept of creativity & various approaches to its study.
- 3. Understand the role of the individual, the content & socialization in developing creativity.
- 4. Become familiar with psychometric measurement & alternate ways of assessing creativity.

Learning Outcomes:

The Students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the concept and stages of creativity.
- 2. Gain insight about creativity and the various developmental factors.
- 3. Become familiar with techniques of developing creativity.

Unit I - Concepts of Creativity

- Historical development of creativity
- Conceptual frame work----levels & traits of creativity
- > Types, process & stages of creativity

Unit II - Approaches and perspectives to the study of creativity

- Neuropsychological perspective
 - Neuropsychological base of hemispherity
 - Learning motivational model
- Traditional perspective
- Modern psychological perspective
 - Psycho analytical, Humanistic perspective
 - Cognitive and Non-cognitive perspective
- Models on creative and training teaching

Unit III - Creativity and developmental Factors

- Creativity through the life span
- > Creativity in relation to intelligence, achievement, personality
- ➢ Factors affecting creativity

Unit IV - Identification & Development of Creativity

- Measurement----Testing & non-testing techniques of assessing creativity
- Training methods and techniques of developing creativity---Problem solving, brain storming, inquiry training, synectics, morphological analysis, attribute listing, forced relationship and lateral thinking technique

References

- 1. Rather, A. R. Creativity (2004) Swarup and sons.
- 2. Passi, B. K. (1979) Passi test of creativity Agra: National psychological corporation
- 3. Chaddha, N. K. (1984) Perspectives in creativity. New Delhi: Ess Ess publication.
- 4. Dagar, B. S. (1989) Cultural Education & creativity, New Delhi: Uppal publication House.
- 5. Stemberg, R. J. (1999) Handbook of creativity. U. K. Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Rajamanikam, M. (2004) Experimental Psychology with Advanced experiments, New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company.

 Sharma, V.P. (2012) 2nd Edition Creativity potentials and prospectus, Agra: Print Palace.

PRINCIPLES OF GUIDANCE AND COUNSELLING

CORE

Code: HSC22410CR

Credits: 4

Periods/Week: 4 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To understand the need for guidance and counseling in human development
- 2. To introduce basic concept in guidance and counseling.
- 3. To discuss the processes involved in counseling a different stage in life.

Learning Outcomes:

The Students will be able to:

- 1. Learn about the guidance and counselling process in various stages of life.
- 2. Apply their basic knowledge of guidance and counselling in their day to day life.
- 3. Comprehend the necessity of common guidance understanding in educational environment.

Unit-I - Guidance and counseling

- > Guidance: Concept, Objectives, Characteristics, Need and Principles
- Counselling: Concept, Levels, Purpose, Need, Principles, Elements, types & Steps
- Ethical and Legal Guidelines

Unit-II - Basic Approaches and theories

• Psychoanalytic (Freud)

- Person Centered Theory
- Cognitive Behaviour Theory
- Eclectic Counselling
- Counseling and Psychotherapy (Major differences)
- > Differences in emphasis between directive and client centered techniques

Unit-III - Need for counseling for parents & children at Different stages of

development

- > Infancy
- > Childhood
- > Adolescence
- Adult and old age
- > Types of Guidance and Counselling Services
 - Educational
 - Vocational
 - Social Relationships
 - Family and Marital Areas

Unit-IV - Guidance and counseling of special groups:

- ➢ Gifted
- Mentally Challenged
- > Physical, Social, Emotional Disabilities
- Socially Educationally backward

References:

- Nicolson, D & Ayrs 11 (1995) Individual Counseling: Therapy and practice. London: David Fulton.
- 2. Manth, R. (1997) Counseling: The skills of finding solution to problems. London : Routledge.

- 3. Burnard, P. (1999) Counseling Skills training. New Delhi: Viva Books.
- 4. Gibson, R.L. & Mitchell, M.H., (2003) Introduction to Counselling and Guidance, New Delhi: Prentice Hall.
- 5. Welfel, E. R & Patterson L. E (2004) The counseling Process A multi Theoretical Integrative Approach. Thomson/ Brooks/ Cole.
- 6. Rao, S. N; Hari M & Rao D. B. (2006) Guidance & Counselling, New Delhi Discovery publishing House.
- Sharma, R.L & Sharma R. (2007) Guidance & Counselling in India, New Delhi, Atlantic Publishers.
- 8. Shrivastava K.K., (2008) Principles of Guidance & Counselling New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers.
- Capuzzi D & Gross D.R. Counselling & Psycho therapy-Theories and Interventions (4th Ed) Pearsons Education India.

PRINCIPLES OF GUIDANCE AND COUNSELLING (Lab Course) / DISSERTATION

Practical (P2)

CORE

Code: HSC22411CR

Credits: 2

Periods/Week: 4 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

- 1. Interaction with practicing counselors and therapists through visits to:
 - ➢ Hospitals
 - > Orphanages
- 2. Learn about the counseling process:
 - Role play- (Psycho-Social problems of Adolescents)
 - Puppetry- (Traumatic disorders/ Social evils among Women)
- 3. Analysis of one case study about psycho social problems. Preparing and submitting a case report
- 4. Plan and organize life style educational programme for adolescents on:
 - > Nutrition and diet. (Nutrition awareness and recommended diets)
 - Healthy family life. (Reproductive health, Sexually transmitted diseases, Family planning measure

Dissertation (T2)

CORE

Code: HSC22411CR

Credits: 2

Periods/Week: 4 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

Learning Objectives:

- 1. This will enable students to develop research skills commensurate with the accomplishment of a master's degree.
- 2. To enable students to produce a coherent and logically argued piece of writing that demonstrates competence in research and the ability to operate independently.
- 3. The students will be able to address issues of research design, methodology, ethics and theoretical arguments and locate a piece of research within these.
- 4. To apply the knowledge about research design and methods that students have gained from the taught components to develop their dissertation project.

Learning outcomes:

- 1. To identify and refine an appropriate research question.
- 2. Apply principles of research design to the question, and select an appropriate methodology.
- 3. Design and manage a piece of original project work.
- 4. Select from different methodologies, methods and forms of analysis to produce a suitable research design and justify this design
- 5. Discuss the ethical dimensions of research and obtain appropriate ethical approval if needed
- The student will be guided and supervised by a member of the teaching faculty of the Institute. However, the dissertation in which the research culminates should reflect the student's own work. They will undertake an independent piece of research work on an issue of contemporary concern that contributes to the advancement of knowledge in the field of Human Development and Childhood Studies.

PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND WOMEN ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Code: HSC22412CR

Credits: 4

- Periods/Week: 4 Hrs.
- Max. Marks: 100

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To provide conceptual inputs regarding structure and development of women entrepreneurship.
- 2. To sensitize and motivate students towards entrepreneur management.
- 3. To understand the framework for identifying and evaluating projects.
- 4. To impart skills for planning and management of the projects undertaken.

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Encourage students to plan every step for their future entrepreneurship unit, anticipating hurdles, and pre-empting solutions, creating a clear roadmap to success.
- 2. Create a vision of entrepreneur skill that not only brings clarity but also aligns your team with their goal, saving time and resources.
- 3. Inspire girl students to start their entrepreneur unit, which ultimately helps in reducing the gender gap in the workforce.

Discipline Centric Elective

Unit I: Women Entrepreneurship:

- Concept and development of women entrepreneurship. Functions and role of women entrepreneurs
- Characteristics and personal attributes of successful entrepreneurs. Developing entrepreneurial competencies
- > Institutional support in women entrepreneurship. Problems faced by SSI in J&K
- > Problems faced by women entrepreneurs and their remedies

Unit II: Project Identification:

- Identification of project, generation and screening of project ideas. Classification of projects
- Forms of ownership sole proprietorship, partnership, company and cooperative society. Factors influencing the choice
- > Steps for starting a small business, procedure and formalities for registration
- Incentives and subsides- need and problems

Unit III: Project Analysis:

- Market and demand analysis- Demand forecasting. Marketing problems and their remedies
- > Technical, management and economic analysis of projects
- > Estimation of cost of projects- objectives, components and basis of estimates
- > Working capital requirement and its estimates
- Sources of finance short term and long-term sources

Unit IV: Financial Analysis and Project Implementation:

Proforma profit and loss statement and balance sheet

- Techniques of financial analysis Break-even analysis, payback period, average rate of return. Net present value and internal rate of return
- Project format common format of a project proposal. Information base and rules governing the preparation of project proposal
- Project implementation pre-requisites for successful implementation. Monitoring, controlling and follow-up

- 1. Akhauri, M.M.P. (1990) Entrepreneurship for women in India, NIESBUD, NewDelhi.
- 2. Hisrich, R.D. and Brush, C.G. (1986) The women Entrepreneurs, D.C Health & Co Toranto.
- 3. Hisrich, R.D. and Peters, M. P. (1995) Entrepreneurship—Starting Developing and Managing a New Enterprise, Richard D., Irwin, INC, USA.
- 4. Meredith, G.G. et, al, (1982): Practice of Entrepreneurship, ILO Geneva.
- 5. Patel, V.C. (1987): Women Entrepreneurship–Developing New entrepreneurs, Ahmadabad EDII.
- 6. Grover, Indu, & Grover, (2002). Women and empowerment, Agrotech. Publishers, Udaipur.

Current & Emerging Concepts in Human Nutrition

Code: HSC22413DCE

4

Credits:

Periods/week: 4 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Discipline Centric Elective

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To orient students with current concepts in Human Nutrition
- 2. To Know about the Emerging trends in Nutrition
- 3. To make students understand the importance of fiber in relation to Health

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Students will learn about food and its relationship to health, development and disease.
- 2. Learn how food can be used as a tool for the prevention of the disease.

UNIT I: Defensive Nutrition Paradigm

- Phytochemicals: Concept and its role in prevention of diseases, Antioxidants & their health benefits
- Concept of Nutrigenomics & Nutraceuticals
- > Probiotics and their beneficial effects, prebiotics
- > Genetically Modified Foods and their benefits. Safety of GM Foods.
- Nutritional Supplements & Ergogenic Aids- Types
- Government Regulations of Food Safety- FSSAI

UNIT II: Emerging trends in Nutrition

- Organic Foods & Organic Farming
- Functional Foods & their Benefits
- Commonly used Milk Substitutes
- Artificial sweetener and its types
- > Various Fat replacers in the diet
- Advanced concept of food preservation
- Placebo effect

Unit III: Food Technology

- ➢ Food Engineering
- Food fortification & Enrichment- objectives, commonly fortified foods & methods of fortification
- Irradiation- Safety & Quality of irradiated foods
- Microwave Cooking- Its advantages & disadvantages

UNIT IV: Fiber & its benefits

- Dietary fiber & its types (Soluble and Insoluble Fiber)
- Sources of Fiber & its components
- > Importance of Fiber in Human Nutrition
- Role of Fiber in Prevention of Diseases
- > Resistant starch & its Potential health benefits

References:

 Robinson, C. H., Normal and Therapeutic Nutrition. (17th Edition) Macmillan Publishing Company.

- 2. Lea & Febiger USA Publishing.
- 3. Shills M.E., et.al., Modern Nutrition in Health and Disease.
- 4. B. Shri. Lakshmi., Dietetics, 4th Edition. New age, International (p) Ltd. Publishing.
- Davis J., and Sherer, K. (1994): Applied Nutrition and Diet Therapy for nurses 2nd Ed. W.B.Saunders. Co.
- William, S. R. (1993): Nutritional & Diet Therapy 7th Ed. Times Mirror/Mosby College Publishers.

FOOD SAFETY AND QUALITY CONTROL

DISCIPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE

Code: HSC22414DCE

Credits: 4

Periods/week: 4 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Understand the importance of quality assurance in food industry.
- 2. Understand various tests and standards for quality assessment and food safety.
- 3. Understand various tests used to detect food adulterants.
- 4. Be familiar with the fundamentals that should be considered for successful quality control programme.

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Deals with study of maintenance of good quality standard of food items.
- 2. Analyze and identify potential risks in the food chain.
- 3. Apply HACCP principles in a food safety plan.
- 4. Evaluate important quality control concepts and skills.

Unit I: Quality Control

- Definition of quality, quality control and quality assurance, Total Quality Management and Different Quality Standards
- Factors affecting Food Quality Extrinsic and Intrinsic
- > Functions of quality control in food Industry

> Introduction to statistical quality control and control charts

Unit II: Sensory Evaluation of Food Quality

- Sensory tests Trained panel members, testing laboratory, preparation of samples, techniques of smelling and tasting, testing time, design of experiment, reasoning for testing good quality evaluation card
- Types of tests -
 - Difference tests paired comparison test, duo-trio test, triangle test
 - Rating tests ranking test, single sample (Monadic test), two sample difference test, multiple sample difference test, Hedonic rating scale, numerical scoring test, composite scoring test
 - Sensitivity test sensitivity threshold test, dilution test, descriptive Flavour profile method
- Limitation of sensory evaluation

Unit III: Objective Evaluation of Food Quality

- > Advantage, disadvantages and basic guide lines
- > Physical methods of food evaluation
- > Chemical methods of food evaluation
- > Physico-chemical methods & Microscopic examination

Unit IV: Hazard analysis critical control point (HACCP)

- > Introduction and Principles of HACCP
- > Physical, chemical and biological Hazards in foods
- Consumer's role and safe food practices buying, storing, preparing cooking and serving
- Food Safety and Standards Act

- Early, R. (1995): Guide to Quality Management Systems for the food Industry, Blackie, Academic and professional, London.
- 2. Gould, W. A., and Gould, R. W (1988): Total quality Assurance for the Food Industries, CTI Publication Inc, Baltimore.
- 3. Pomeranz, Y. and Meloan, C.E., (1996): Food Analysis: theory and practice, CBS publishers and distributor New Delhi.
- 4. Ranganna, S. (1986): Handbook of analysis and quality control for Fruit and vegetables products 2nd, edition Tata, McGraw Hill Publishing co, Ltd, New Delhi.
- Hagstad, H.V and Hubbert, W.T. 1986) Food Control, Foods of animal Origin, Lowa State University Press, AMES.
- James C.S., (1995) Analytical Chemistry of Foods, Blackie Academic and Professional (Chapman and Hall) Madras.
- Bryan, F. L. (1992): Hazard Analysis Critical Control Evaluations. A Guide to Identifying Hazards and Assessing Risks Associated with Food Preparation and Storage. World Health Organization, Geneva.
- Kirk, R. S. and Sawyer, R. (1991) Pearsons Composition and Analysis of Foods, Longman Scientific and Technical. 9th Edition, England.
- Food and Agricultural Organization (1980): Manuals of Food Quality Control. 2 Additives Contaminants Techniques, Rome.
- 10. Bureau of Indian Standards: Specifications and Standards Methods.
- Herschderfer (1987): Quality Control in Food Industry, Food Science and Technology A series of Monographs, Academic Press, London.
- 12. Marion Bennion 10th Edition, Introductory Foods.
- Norman W. Desrosier, James N. Desrosier, 4th Edition, 1987, The Technology of Food Preservation.
- 14. B. Srilakshmi, 3rd Edition 2003, Food Science.
- 15. Paul Insel, R. Elaine Turner, Don Rose, 2002 edition, Nutrition
- N. Shakuntala Nanay, M. Shadaksharaswamy, 2nd Edition 1996 Foods Facts and Principles.

- 17. Singh, S.P. Funk, J., Tripathi, S.C., & Joshi, N. (2009). Food Safety Quality Assurance and global trade. VP (India): International Book Distributing Co.
- 18. Jaub, I.A., & Singh, R.P. (1998) Food Storage Stability, New York CRC Press.
- Pearson, A.M., & Dutson, T.R. (1995) HCCP in meat, Poultry and Fish processing. New York: Aspen Publishers, Inc.
- 20. Iarber, J.M., & Todd, E.CD. (2000) Safe handling of foods. New York Marcel Dekker, Inc.
- 21. Vrema, L.R., & Joshi, V.K. (2000) Post harvest technology of fruits & vegetables handling, processing formation and waste management, New Delhi, Indus Publishing Company.

PARENTING IN EARLY CHILDHOOD

Code: HSC22415DCE

Credits: 4 Periods/week: 4 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

Discipline Centric Elective

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To understand the significance of parent's role in early childhood.
- 2. To develop skills to involve parents in early childhood education programmes.
- 3. To learn to conduct parent education programmes.

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Internalize the importance of early years for various types of development.
- 2. Understand that the environment holds a valuable role to play in the development of children

Unit I: Individual Parenting Roles

- > The task of parenting and the concept of parenting skills
- > Changing concept of parenthood and childhood
- Being a competent parent
- Determinants of parenting behaviour
- Characteristics of the parenting roles
 - The mothering role
 - The fathering role

Unit II: Developmental Interaction in Early Childhood Years

- > Parents role in developing self-awareness in children
- > Family relations and communication
- Expressing and controlling emotions
- Discovering personal capabilities
- > Establishing routines and showing responsible behaviour
- > Learning social role and interactions with others
- > Meeting the family & children's needs during early childhood years

Unit III: Techniques of parent Education in Preschool Setting

- Informal Meeting: Occasional/accidental meeting, written/printed-newsletters, circulars, notices etc.
- Parent library, toy library
- Workshops/demonstration centre
- Parents corner
- Open house
- Large/small group meetings
- > Individual meetings: Home visits, individual sessions
- Working with vulnerable families

Unit IV: Parent Education and Support

- ➢ Role of professionals
- Parents as family workers
- Flexibility to different needs
- Personal development of parents

- 1. Bigner, J.(1979): Parent child relations: An introduction to parenting. N.Y. : McMillian Pub.
- Brim, Harman (1980); Learning to be parents, principles, programmes and methods. Saga Pub.
- 3. Fine Marwin (1980): Handbook on parent education, New York: Academic Press Inc.
- 4. Goldelein, J.C. (Ed.)(1994). toys, Child Development, Cambridge University Press.
- 5. Gordon, Thomas (1975): Parent effectiveness training, New York: New American Library.
- 6. Gillian, Pugh (1984): The needs of parents, practice and policy in parent education, Macmillan,
- Gupta (1991). Speaking of Child Care, Everything You Wanted to Know: (2nd Ed.). New delhi : Sterling.
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- 9. Kulkarni, Sudha (1988): Parent Education, Jaipur: Rawat Pub.
- 10. Naidu, U.S. and Nakhate, V.S. (1985). Child Development Studies in India. Bombay: Tata Institute of Social Sciences.
- Wagh, Anutai (1984): Parent and Community Participation in the PreSchool Programme, New Delhi: NCERT.

Participatory Tools and Methods

Code: HSC22004GE

Credits: 2

Periods/week: 2 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To understand meaning and principles of PRA.
- 2. To acquaint the students with different PRA methods.

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Encourage joint analysis, learning and action for between participation in community development
- 2. Facilitate the ways that support students' participation in community development
- 3. Enable interactions between contexts, grassroots aspirations and strategies, institutional structures and enterprise interventions to be better understood

UNIT I: Participatory Rural Appraisal & Space related PRA Methods

- Meaning, principles and advantages
- > PRA; process, team, structuring and choosing PRA team.
- Social, Resource and Mobility Map
- Services and opportunities
- Participatory Census Method

UNIT II: Time related and Relation PRA Methods

- > Time line and Trend Analysis
- Daily Activity Schedule
- > Dream Map

GENERIC ELECTIVE

- ➢ Well Being Ranking
- Venn Diagram
- Spider Diagram

- Somesh Kumar., Methods for Community participation. A Complete Guide for Practitioners.
- 2. Chandramouli., K (1991) "Pass on the Pen Approach. Identifying the poorest of the poor families; PRA notes 14: December, PP 29-32 IIED, London.
- Cornwall, A. (1992) "Body Mapping in Health PRA/ PRA' PRA notes 16 July PP 69-76 IIED, London.
- Kumar Somesh ed., (1996) ABC of PRA Attitude and Behaviour changes, A report of the Proceeding of South – East Workshop on Attitudes and Behaviour in PRA. Action Aid India and PRAXIS, Patna.
- 5. Dr. A. Adivi Reddy, 7th Edition 2001, Extension Education.
- 6. G. L. Ray, 2nd revised and enlarged edition 1996, first published 1991.

Introduction to Disabilities

Code: HSC22004OE

Credits: 2

Periods/week: 2 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

Learning Objectives:

1. To make students aware about different disabilities and its types.

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Understand conceptual approaches to developmental disabilities.
- 2. Acquire knowledge of definitions, etiology, diagnosis, assessment and educational considerations of disabilities.

Unit I – Disability Physical & Skeletal Disorders (concept, causes and types)

- Concept of normality, disability, impairment and handicap
- Physical disorders (CNS disorders, Cerebral Palsy, Epilepsy, Spinal bifida, Spinal cord injuries)
- Arthritis, Amputation
- Mental retardation

Unit II - Sensory and Emotional Impairments (concept, causes and types)

- Visual impairment
- Speech impairment
- Emotional impairments:
 - Autism
 - Schizophrenia
 - Obsession and compulsion

OPEN ELECTIVE

- 1. Kanga F. (1990) Heaven on wheels, New Delhi Penguin Books
- 2. Narasimhan M.C & Mukherjee A.K. (1986) Disability a continuing challenge, New Delhi Wiley Eastern limited.
- Oliver M.(1996) Understanding Disability, from theory to practice, London Macmillan press.
- 4. Pandey R.S & Advani L. (1996) Perspectives in disability and rehabilitation. New Delhi Vikas Publishing House Private Limited.
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- Micheal L. Hardman, Clifford J. Drew, M. Winston Egan, Hardman (2014) Human Exceptionality – Society, School & Family, 11th Edition, Allyn & Bacon.